
DELICIOUS BISCUITS

SUNDAY
 APRIL 19, 1959

THE JERUSALEM POST

PRICE: 150 PRUTA
 VOL. XXXV, No. 9452

It's the Refill that counts!
GLOBUS

MARGINAL COLUMN
 By NISSIM REJWAN

QUIETLY but unmistakably the Kurdish problem, which since the end of World War I has been posing itself to the world only at irregular intervals, is becoming the Middle East's most serious headache. One does not have to believe Cairo's talk about Kurdish "armed volunteers" from the Soviet Union in order to see that the fate of the whole area may be decided by the ups and downs of the Kurds' fortunes. What is certain, at least, is that Kurdish existence is a Kurdish minority constituting about one-fifth of the population has been largely responsible for Iraq's almost total desertion from the Arab body.

THE role of the Kurds in recent developments in the Arab world has been in fact been explained variously in terms of ideological differences (Communism v. Arab nationalism), of individual ambitions for Arab leadership (Nasser v. Kassem), or of age-old national rivalries between the Egyptians and the Iraqi Arabs. Little, however, has been said about the all-important Kurdish factor, which may in the long run be the only valid historical explanation of what has happened. When an assortment of disinterested groups and ideologies finally succeeded in toppling Nuri es-Said's regime on July 14, they little knew what they were waiting for, believing that all the evil came from the pro-Western Hashemites and their followers, they thought that all their problems would be solved as soon as they got rid of the old set.

THEY were to live to know better. As soon as they applied themselves to the task of restructuring the new rulers were not as simple as all that, and that Iraq, like all the Arab countries, had problems of her own. The Kurds, whom the provisional Constitution called "partners with the Arabs in the new Republic," were in no mood to surrender their newly-gained rights and, when the forces of Arab nationalism inspired by Nasser's leadership and aspiring to full Arab unity became active, they went diligently to work in alliance with the Communists to put them in their place. Kassem, who for all his conspiratorial gifts and iron nerves was willing to be swayed by the strong elements among his supporters, had no alternative: the more enthusiastic Nasserists, such as Colonel Arif, were willing to give the Kurds a separate existence as a price for saving Iraq for Arabism, but Kassem, who was committed to the far-reaching social reforms, could not dispense with the oil-rich Kurdish areas in the North.

KASSEM, however, could not hope to give his Kurdish problem so easily. Ever since the hasty establishment of the Iraqi State after World War I, two nationalistic movements had been at work there, and both of them were working against the independence and integrity of the new nation. Seeking to divide the existing State by working for a separate existence, the Kurdish nationalists were no more the enemies of an independent Iraq than their Arab counterparts, who wanted to incorporate the country in a larger unity. If one can imagine a purely Iraqi nationalism — and Kassem and his non-Communist supporters have been described as being of this type — such a hypothetical figure must fight both pan-Arab and Kurdish aspirations if he wanted to preserve his country's integrity. So far, Kassem seems to have concentrated all his powers to do away with the pan-Arabists, while giving the Kurds full scope to help him accomplish the job.

THUS, assuming that Kassem is no Communist himself and that the Communists fall to seize control of Iraq in the near future, a show-down between his regime and the Kurds seems inevitable. In such a eventuality Kassem will have to contend with a much more formidable enemy than the pan-Arabs. As the Communists know only too well, what side they would take in this struggle, the fate of the whole Middle East may depend on the outcome of such a show-down.

Jerusalem, April 19.

What Does The Wise Man Do?

He distributes Passover gifts to his workers and assistants — and there are none more fitting than the Superior WINES, LIQUORS AND COGNACS of S. Friedman & Sons

Dalai Accuses China Of Lying, Vandalism

TEZPUR, India.—The Dalai Lama reached civilization here on Saturday and promptly accused Communist China of treachery and vandalism in its domination of Tibet.

Despite the Dalai's denial, the Communists stuck by their story that he was "abducted" from Tibet. Premier Chou En-lai repeated the charge in a speech at the opening session of the "National People's Congress" in Peking (see next column).

The 23-year-old god-king, who threaded his way through the 20,000-foot mountains of the Himalayas by horse and yak-skin barge, reached here in an Indian Army jeep. An air-conditioned train was waiting to carry him on the final stage of his journey into exile.

In his first public statement in the 35 days since he fled from beleaguered Lhasa, the Dalai said he left the capital of his own free will "after Chinese troops had fired in the direction of his palace. He flatly denied the Communist claim that he had been hustled out of the Tibetan capital "under duress."

"On March 27, two or three mortar shells were fired in the direction of Norbulingka Palace (the Lama's summer residence in Lhasa)," the statement said. "It became imperative for the Dalai, members of his family and high officials to leave Lhasa."

The Dalai would like to state categorically that he left Lhasa and Tibet and came to India of his own free will, not under duress. "I have left the loyalty and affectionate support of his people that the Dalai was able to find his way through a route which is quite arduous."

The Dalai's statement, which covered the whole field of recent relations between Tibet and China, was phrased in the third person throughout. It charged that the Communists had violated their 1951 agreement to respect the Dalai's authority and his country's internal autonomy. During the fighting which has raged intermittently in Tibet since 1955, the statement said, Chinese troops "destroyed large numbers of monasteries."

"Many Tibetans were killed," the statement said. Last month, it said, 10,000 Tibetans rose up spontaneously and physically prevented the Dalai from attending a Communist function at which they feared that harm might befall him.

The attack was launched at 3:45 a.m. Eight minutes later the 16 guards — including a captain and a lieutenant — rushed through a wall, crumpled by a barrage shot, to freedom. The captives, freed after nearly 36 hours of terror-stricken captivity in a cell block, raced to meet their deliverers.

Two members of the assault team were wounded in a wild exchange of fire with the desperate convicts.

The ringleaders, Lee Smart, 19, and Jerry Miles, 44, were found dead in one of the prison towers.

Bunche Says Talks To Be Informal

ROME (APF).—The U.N. Under-Secretary, Dr. Ralph Bunche, arrived here on Saturday afternoon, and will go on to Cairo and the Gaza Strip on Sunday. He said his talks would be informal.

During his two-week on-the-spot conferences, he will also visit Jerusalem and Amman.

Chou Predicts 40% Increase in Output

PEKING (Reuters).—Premier Chou En-lai said on Saturday that China had made a "phenomenal" economic achievement last year.

In a wide-ranging 20,000-word report to the People's Congress, he forecast another big advance in 1959, including a 40 per cent increase in the total value of industrial and agricultural output.

The Premier's confident predictions seemed to be tempered by more caution and restraint than the enthusiastic statements of some other Chinese leaders last year.

Mr. Chou stressed that, despite her great advance, China's industrial and agricultural levels were still very low and everybody must continue to work hard.

'Mopping-Up' in Tibet

The people's communes were the best form of organization for the transition from Socialism to Communism, and rebutted charges of "slave labour" levelled at the communes by the West.

The Premier reiterated the Chinese allegation that the Dalai Lama had been abducted from Lhasa. He said he would be welcomed should he return to his capital.

Nothing of the Dalai Lama's own initial has yet been reported in the Peking press.

Mr. Chou spoke at length of the Tibetan situation, and said that Chinese Army units were now mopping up remnants of the rebel forces in remote areas. The entire country was now under the control of the People's Republic of China.

More than 2,000 men and women from all over China are attending the Congress, which is the Parliament of China.

The last item on the 10-day Congress agenda — but the one provoking the liveliest speculation among foreign observers — is the election of a successor to Mao Tse-tung as Chairman of the Republic.

A second Premier, Ministers and other officials also have to be elected as their four-year terms of office have expired.

De Gaulle Hints At Early Peace In Algeria

MOULINS, France (UPI).—A remark by President Charles de Gaulle on Saturday has raised speculation that the four-year-old Algerian war may be nearing a peaceful end.

"We are in a period when peace — and you know of which peace I speak — and liberty are going to be assured," General de Gaulle said in a speech before mayors and local officials who received him at Moulins on the day of his four-day tour of French provinces.

The statement raised a flurry of comments in French political circles. Some observers said the President was referring to the Berlin crisis and the forthcoming negotiations with the Soviet Union.

But most commentators interpreted the statement as pointing out hopes for an early end to the Algerian conflict. They linked the remark to the current visit to Paris of Moroccan Crown Prince Moulay Hassan, who is trying to arrange a visit by his father, King Mohammed V.

Hassan, who met on Friday with Foreign Minister Maurice Couve de Murville, said last week that a meeting between his father and President de Gaulle could be a "last chance" attempt to settle the Algerian war.

In Paris, a congress of the Socialist Trade Union Confederation, Force Ouvriere, has passed a resolution calling for an end to the war on Algeria "by negotiations without any pre-conditions."

BOMBS HERALD ALGERIAN VOTING

ALGIERS (Reuters).—A bomb in a car and a grenade thrown in a crowded street killed one person and injured about 16 here Saturday night on the eve of the Municipal Elections. A third bomb exploded in a parked car was discovered before it exploded.

Security measures were redoubled in Algiers where the explosions were seen as an attempt to disrupt the National Liberation Front to inhibit Moslem electors before Sunday's polling. The Front had ordered Moslems to boycott the election.

Voting is for lists of candidates, and the number of seats allotted to Moslems and Algerians is limited. The Front provides an overall minimum of two-thirds Moslems.

PANAMA FEARS RAID

WASHINGTON (UPI).—The Organization of American States focused attention on Saturday on reports of a rebel attack on Panama, allegedly being prepared by Cuban soil to attack Panama.

Envoys of several countries were reported to have expressed grave concern.

French Gen. Koenig Here on Visit

LYDDA AIRPORT.—Gen. Pierre Koenig, former French Defence Minister, accompanied by his wife, arrived here on Saturday night by El Al for a 10-day visit.

Temperature Up To 30° Today

An extreme rise in temperatures is forecast for today, with showers and winds throughout the country, especially inland. Temperatures will reach the 30° in most parts of the country.

Syrian Sniper Kills Kinneret Fisher

A Tiberias fisherman, Ezra Cohen, 25, was killed by a Syrian sniper on Friday morning while fishing near the north-eastern shore of Lake Kinneret, the Army spokesman announced. He died from a head wound before reaching hospital. He leaves a wife and five daughters aged from three to 13.

On Saturday, Syrian positions opened fire on a flock belonging to Kibbutz Dan in the far north. No fire was returned and there were no casualties.

Political quarters in Jerusalem said on Saturday that if these two incidents proved to be part of a renewed UAR plan of aggression, it may well affect the beginning of work on marking the Syrian-Israel border, scheduled for this week.

Our Tiberias correspondent reports that Ezra Cohen went to work with two fellow fishermen early on Friday morning. They halted their boat some 300 metres from the shore, together with two other crews.

They pulled up their nets and set out to cast new ones, without noticing anything untoward on the shore. There, the workmen of the Syrian village Masoudiyeh came to draw water and the children played on the beach. At 9:30, the men noticed a Syrian soldier in khaki and a rifle, who was carrying a rifle. He chased away the women and children and, when the beach was empty, he hid himself in until only his head was visible.

A few minutes later, a single shot rang out, hitting Cohen in the head. Of the other two crews, Yehuda Harush dove into the lake and David Bahouth lay prone on the floor of the boat.

A police patrol boat was called and towed their boat off to Kfar Nahum. U.N. Observers interrogated the Syrian soldier, who was a police veteran. He played a part in the liberation of Tiberias. He served as a super-minister constable, in the Army and then in the Border Police, resigning after his best friend, Meir Cohen, was killed by the Syrians. He began work as a fisherman two years ago. Friday was the first time he went to the section of the Lake where his friend had died.

West Welcomes Herter As US Secretary of State



CHRISTIAN HERTER

Basic Changes Held Unlikely

Officials of West European Governments have welcomed the nomination of Mr. Christian Herter as Secretary of State to succeed Mr. John Foster Dulles.

His appointment, announced on Saturday by President Eisenhower, must be approved by the Senate, but this is considered a mere formality.

Mr. Herter, Deputy-Secretary of State since 1957, has been Acting Secretary while Mr. Dulles was undergoing treatment for cancer. The resignation of Mr. Dulles was announced last Wednesday.

"I shall do the very best I can," Mr. Herter said when he appeared before banks of newsmen cameras and microphones with Mr. Eisenhower. "I am deeply grateful to you, Mr. President, for the confidence you have shown in me," he stated.

Mr. Herter said he did not want to talk about American foreign policy until his appointment has been confirmed. His appointment had been fully expected by political observers and the only surprise was that President Eisenhower delayed the announcement for so long.

Observers thought that would be no basic change in American foreign policy, but that Mr. Herter would be likely to relegate authority to a greater extent than Mr. Dulles, who was often said to run a "one-man State Department."

Speaking of the nomination, the President said: "I will send it down the first of the week — as soon as the Senate is in session." The President then left Mr. Herter to answer the questions of reporters. Although Mr. Herter normally uses light crutches for walking, he moved around the Presidential suite of offices unaided.

In fact, he told reporters, "I get around pretty well, and the only trouble I have is standing for a long time or walking any great distance. I feel fine."

(Reuters UPI) (Leadsy — Page 4)

Burma Appoints Ambassador to Israel

RANGOON (Reuters).—U Hla Maung, lately Burmese Ambassador to Communist China, has been named Ambassador to Israel. Government sources said here on Saturday. He will leave for Israel in May, the sources added.

Although Burma has had an Embassy in Israel for some years, this is the first time a ranking Ambassador has been appointed.

U.S. Firm to Invest \$1m. in Cargal

Jerusalem Post Reporter.—The Union Bag Co. on Friday notified the Ministry of Commerce and Industry of its intention to participate in a \$1m. share investment in Cargal. A second American firm, International Paper Company, is expected to announce its decision on Monday or Tuesday. This was reliably learned in Jerusalem on Friday.

It was learned that a number of offers have been forthcoming from other firms that have shown interest in consolidating Cargal debt or investing in the firm directly.

Swiss-Israel Tanker Company Formed

HAIFA.—A Swiss-Israel oil tanker company has been set up and will start operating this year. The Israel party are the Zim Navigation Co. and El Yam. The new enterprise will use super-tankers to bring oil to Israel. One of the ships will be the 45,000-ton Patria recently completed in Japan.

Eshkol Rejects Committee Proposal to Millers

The Minister of Finance, Mr. Levi Eshkol, on Saturday night announced that he could not accept the recommendations of the Knesset Economic Committee, which by mill-owners would be granted their demands for a price increase in the form of an interim loan pending the report of an impartial investigating committee.

Mr. Eshkol, who is acting Minister of Commerce and Industry in Mr. Sapir's absence abroad, declared that a rise in the price of milling would result in either a rise in the price of bread or an increase in taxes to allow for a higher Government subsidy to the millers.

The Knesset Economic Committee met on Friday with representatives of the millers and of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry. It unanimously recommended that the millers resume operations immediately on the basis of the Ministry's offer of a \$1.150 per ton increase. It added that the difference between this sum and the millers' demands (about \$1.500 per ton) be given in the form of an interim loan pending the report of a committee which is to investigate the industry's costs.

Mr. Eshkol added that the Economic Committee was authorized to consider the matter as it was in the province of the Knesset Finance Committee. He repeated the Commerce Ministry's earlier announcement that it would be ready to resume negotiations with the millers on the basis of new proposals if the latter would resume work.

Macmillan Rules Out 'Path of Appeasement'

LONDON (Reuters).—Mr. Harold Macmillan, the British Prime Minister, said on Saturday that the West must never yield to pressure or follow the path of appeasement.

"We must seek, wherever we can find it, pacification by negotiation and reasonable agreement," he told a Young Conservatives national rally here.

Mr. Macmillan said he and the Foreign Secretary, Mr. Selwyn Lloyd, had found a great measure of agreement among the Allies.

"We shall soon reach an agreed Western position for the difficult period of negotiation which lies ahead," he said. "I must warn you that this phase will be complicated and perhaps protracted."

Plane Crash Kills 26 Persons in Mexico

MEXICO CITY (Reuters).—Twenty-six people were killed when a twin-engine passenger aircraft of the Mexican Flying Tigers Airline crashed Friday in north-west Mexico.

The plane crashed on a beach at Kino Bay, 40 miles from the Pacific port of Guaymas, two and a half hours after the plane had left Mexico City, stopping at several Mexican cities.

Nine Indians Killed In Clash Over Cows

PATNA, East India (Reuters).—Nine persons were killed and hundreds injured in a clash at Sitamarhi, North Bihar, on Friday, over the slaughter of cows.

A dawn-to-dusk curfew was clamped on Sitamarhi. The fighting was said to have started when two groups clashed in the market place.

Quads in England

BIRMINGHAM, England (Reuters).—Mrs. Iris Parson, 24-year-old bride of 18 months gave birth to quadruplets—all boys—here Thursday night. The condition of the mother and children was said by a hospital official to be "satisfactory."

'Peace Partisans' Blast UAR Rulers

BAGHDAD (Reuters).—The second congress of Iraqi Peace Partisans, which opened on Saturday accusing the UAR rulers of "waging a cold war, plotting, sheltering traitors, sending volunteers for sabotage work in Iraq and concentrating troops with aggressive intentions on Iraqi borders."

The congress also expressed its hostility towards Israel. Reports from the UAR, said that Ahmed Mohamed Yehia, Iraqi Minister of Interior, had resigned for opposing his opposition to the Peace Partisans.

Two trains carrying more than 800 Kurds and their families, said to be returning home from 12 years of exile in the Soviet Union, passed through Baghdad Friday en route to their home towns in Erbil Province, North Iraq. Almost all the women in the party, which arrived in Basra aboard the Soviet ship "Gruzia" Thursday, were Russian.

The head of the "Free Algerian Government, Abbas Ferhat, is scheduled to arrive in Baghdad on Tuesday. Iraq has decided to boycott the Imperial Chemical Industries and Air France for maintaining commercial relations with Israel, Baghdad Radio reported on Saturday.

BRANDY 777 DE LUXE

BRANDY 777 DE LUXE

GIFT WRAPPED
CARMEL ORIENTAL

Shortly everywhere...
 the first **OVAL** filter cigarette

Cavon

OF THE HIGHEST PURITY

Made by The Israel Cigarette Company Ltd.
 The leading manufacturer of filter cigarettes

MAKE THE MOST OF LIFE

Tony Royal

The Hobbies Exhibition

Another 17 Days

The Management of the Hobbies Exhibition wishes to inform the public that the Hobbies Exhibition being held at Beit Haasor in Tel Aviv will close on Tuesday, May 5, 1959 at 9 p.m.

A special lottery for all visitors will be held at the above-mentioned time.

Visiting Hours:
 Sundays to Thursdays 12 noon—3 p.m.
 Fridays 12 noon until Sabbath Eve
 Saturday nights until midnight

All tickets at 750 pruta each
VISITORS—HOLD ON TO YOUR TICKETS!

The Weather

FORECAST: Showers conditions which will be felt mainly inland. A warm and dry southerly flow is developing over the Middle East.

City	Temp	Wind	Clouds	Remarks
Tel Aviv	20	10	10	
Jerusalem	18	10	10	
Haifa	18	10	10	
Beersheba	20	10	10	
Dimona	20	10	10	
Yotvata	20	10	10	
Arad	20	10	10	
Beer Sheva	20	10	10	
Dimona	20	10	10	
Yotvata	20	10	10	
Arad	20	10	10	

(*) Humidity at 8 p.m. 60% Minimum temp. 15° Maximum temp. expected today.

ARRIVALS

Mr. P. Marks, Deputy Chairman, Board of Guardians of the Cape Peninsula.

Prof. William A. Low, head of the Hebrew University's Micro-Wave Laboratory, from the U.S.A., where he was a participant in the International Symposium on Millimeter Waves, held also in the Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

Mr. Maurice M. Boukstein, Vice-President of the American Committee for the Welfare of the Jewish People, from the U.S.A., where he was a participant in the International Symposium on Millimeter Waves, held also in the Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

Mr. P. Blasinger, Chief of Police of San Francisco, for a week's visit, by air, from the U.S.A.

Prof. Z. Zolotarev, head of the Organic Chemistry Department of the Weizmann Institute, from London, after participating in the Pan-American Convention for Organic Chemistry in Mexico, City, U.S.A.

Miss Paula Salzman, the pianist, from Palestine, after a series of concerts in the Turkish capital and Izmir, (by Tel Aviv).

DEPARTURES

Mr. Moshe Pearlman, Director of Information Services in the Prime Minister's Office, for a seven-week visit to Ghana and Liberia and a lecture tour in South Africa for the Jewish National Fund, (by Tel Aviv).

Dr. A. Justic-Dayan, Managing Director of the Israel Fair Corporation, for Athens and Istanbul, (by Olympia Airways).

Prof. H. Schuller, after attending the International Farmers Convention, (by Tel Aviv).

Mrs. Clara Levi, Vice-President of Pioneer Women in the U.S., after a month's visit in connection with Youth Affairs, (by Tel Aviv).

2,620 Named Haifa's 'Careful Drivers'

HAIFA.—The title of "Careful Driver" was awarded to 2,620 drivers of all types of vehicles on Friday. All of them had driven without any accident or traffic offence.

Altogether 8,000 drivers of Haifa and vicinity took part in the competition. It was organized by the local branch of the National Council for Accident Prevention.

Twenty-one drivers were given driving records for the 7th year running were given gold pins.

The "Careful Drivers" also received prizes donated by the Alliance and Sonol companies and the Council. The prizes included radio sets, electric shavers, picnic baskets and beverages.

The National Chairman of the Council, Judge S. Loewenberg, announced that the "Careful Driver" competition would be extended over the whole country.

Prof. Hayim Fineman, Labour Zionist, Dies

PHILADELPHIA (INA).—Professor Hayim Fineman, one of the founders of the Labour Zionist Movement in America, died here Saturday.

He was 73. He had been a delegate to every Zionist Congress since 1904.

An Emeritus Professor of English at Temple University here, and a noted scholar of Elizabethan literature, Professor Fineman served as a member of the President of the World Zionist Actions Committee. He was a former President of the Labour Zionist Organization of America. A son, Daniel, is Professor of English at the Hebrew University.

ROTARY INT'L PRESIDENT PLANTS 1ST SAPLING IN 'PEACE WOOD'

Jerusalem Post Staff.

HERZLIYA.—Rotary International's work for peace was given symbolic form in one of this area's beauty spots—Roshayim—on Friday morning when the Rotary International President, Mr. Clifford A. Randall, dedicated the Sharon Peace Wood.

Some hundreds of Rotary members and their wives from all over Israel attended the ceremony, which took place on an 80-dunam plot set aside for the Wood by the Local Council.

After planting the first sapling in the name of Rotary International, Mr. Randall said the planting of the forest symbolized Rotary's striving for peace. The second sapling was planted by the Chairman of the Local Council, Mr. B. Michaeli, in the name of the State. The Chairman of the Sharon Rotary Club, Mr. L.A. Lior, planted the third tree. Mr. Abe Naveh, Chairman of the Sharon Peace Wood Committee, addressed the gathering.

Eventually there will be 110 trees in the Wood—one for each country where there are Rotary clubs. Including the Arab States, 27 saplings will be planted by the Sharon Club as a silver anniversary present to the Tel Aviv-Jaffa Club and the neighboring development other 25 will be presented by

the Beersheba Club. After the ceremony, Mr. and Mrs. Randall left for Haifa where the Rotary President addressed an inter-city luncheon of Clubs of northern Israel. It was attended by delegations of Rotary Clubs throughout the North, of which that in Haifa is the oldest (28 years) and that of Tel Aviv the youngest (two years).

The visitors spent the week-end touring Galilee. On Saturday evening, they were the guests of honour at an informal dinner party given by the French Ambassador, Mr. Randall met with the Presidents of all of Israel's Rotary clubs and former Rotary International officials.

Sophie Tucker Centre Dedication Today

The dedication of the Sophie Tucker Youth Centre in Beit She'an will take place today (Sunday) at 3 p.m.

OVER 3,000 persons visited Eilat over the weekend. ON FRIDAY, the Japanese economic mission now in Israel visited Eilat and only last December development projects.

We wish to thank all those who so kindly expressed their condolences on the death of our dear brother, **Reuben Pintus** Rosal, Peter and Jona Pintus Sela Warburg.

YAFARI TELLS MAPAM COUNCIL: Labour Unity Possible If Mapai Weakened in Histadrut

By ZEVY SCHUL, Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV.—Mapam sees a chance of the workers' parties cooperating with each other only if Mapai is reduced to a minority party in the forthcoming Histadrut elections, the Mapam General Secretary, Mr. Meir

TEL AVIV. — Mapam sees a chance of the workers' parties cooperating with each other only if Mapai is reduced to a minority party in the forthcoming Histadrut elections, the Mapam General Secretary, Mr. Meir

TEL AVIV. — Mapam sees a chance of the workers' parties cooperating with each other only if Mapai is reduced to a minority party in the forthcoming Histadrut elections, the Mapam General Secretary, Mr. Meir

TEL AVIV. — Mapam sees a chance of the workers' parties cooperating with each other only if Mapai is reduced to a minority party in the forthcoming Histadrut elections, the Mapam General Secretary, Mr. Meir

TEL AVIV. — Mapam sees a chance of the workers' parties cooperating with each other only if Mapai is reduced to a minority party in the forthcoming Histadrut elections, the Mapam General Secretary, Mr. Meir

TEL AVIV. — Mapam sees a chance of the workers' parties cooperating with each other only if Mapai is reduced to a minority party in the forthcoming Histadrut elections, the Mapam General Secretary, Mr. Meir

TEL AVIV. — Mapam sees a chance of the workers' parties cooperating with each other only if Mapai is reduced to a minority party in the forthcoming Histadrut elections, the Mapam General Secretary, Mr. Meir

TEL AVIV. — Mapam sees a chance of the workers' parties cooperating with each other only if Mapai is reduced to a minority party in the forthcoming Histadrut elections, the Mapam General Secretary, Mr. Meir

TEL AVIV. — Mapam sees a chance of the workers' parties cooperating with each other only if Mapai is reduced to a minority party in the forthcoming Histadrut elections, the Mapam General Secretary, Mr. Meir

TEL AVIV. — Mapam sees a chance of the workers' parties cooperating with each other only if Mapai is reduced to a minority party in the forthcoming Histadrut elections, the Mapam General Secretary, Mr. Meir

TEL AVIV. — Mapam sees a chance of the workers' parties cooperating with each other only if Mapai is reduced to a minority party in the forthcoming Histadrut elections, the Mapam General Secretary, Mr. Meir

TEL AVIV. — Mapam sees a chance of the workers' parties cooperating with each other only if Mapai is reduced to a minority party in the forthcoming Histadrut elections, the Mapam General Secretary, Mr. Meir

TEL AVIV. — Mapam sees a chance of the workers' parties cooperating with each other only if Mapai is reduced to a minority party in the forthcoming Histadrut elections, the Mapam General Secretary, Mr. Meir

TEL AVIV. — Mapam sees a chance of the workers' parties cooperating with each other only if Mapai is reduced to a minority party in the forthcoming Histadrut elections, the Mapam General Secretary, Mr. Meir

TEL AVIV. — Mapam sees a chance of the workers' parties cooperating with each other only if Mapai is reduced to a minority party in the forthcoming Histadrut elections, the Mapam General Secretary, Mr. Meir

TEL AVIV. — Mapam sees a chance of the workers' parties cooperating with each other only if Mapai is reduced to a minority party in the forthcoming Histadrut elections, the Mapam General Secretary, Mr. Meir

TEL AVIV. — Mapam sees a chance of the workers' parties cooperating with each other only if Mapai is reduced to a minority party in the forthcoming Histadrut elections, the Mapam General Secretary, Mr. Meir

TEL AVIV. — Mapam sees a chance of the workers' parties cooperating with each other only if Mapai is reduced to a minority party in the forthcoming Histadrut elections, the Mapam General Secretary, Mr. Meir

TEL AVIV. — Mapam sees a chance of the workers' parties cooperating with each other only if Mapai is reduced to a minority party in the forthcoming Histadrut elections, the Mapam General Secretary, Mr. Meir

TEL AVIV. — Mapam sees a chance of the workers' parties cooperating with each other only if Mapai is reduced to a minority party in the forthcoming Histadrut elections, the Mapam General Secretary, Mr. Meir

TEL AVIV. — Mapam sees a chance of the workers' parties cooperating with each other only if Mapai is reduced to a minority party in the forthcoming Histadrut elections, the Mapam General Secretary, Mr. Meir

TEL AVIV. — Mapam sees a chance of the workers' parties cooperating with each other only if Mapai is reduced to a minority party in the forthcoming Histadrut elections, the Mapam General Secretary, Mr. Meir

TEL AVIV. — Mapam sees a chance of the workers' parties cooperating with each other only if Mapai is reduced to a minority party in the forthcoming Histadrut elections, the Mapam General Secretary, Mr. Meir

TEL AVIV. — Mapam sees a chance of the workers' parties cooperating with each other only if Mapai is reduced to a minority party in the forthcoming Histadrut elections, the Mapam General Secretary, Mr. Meir

TEL AVIV. — Mapam sees a chance of the workers' parties cooperating with each other only if Mapai is reduced to a minority party in the forthcoming Histadrut elections, the Mapam General Secretary, Mr. Meir

TEL AVIV. — Mapam sees a chance of the workers' parties cooperating with each other only if Mapai is reduced to a minority party in the forthcoming Histadrut elections, the Mapam General Secretary, Mr. Meir

TEL AVIV. — Mapam sees a chance of the workers' parties cooperating with each other only if Mapai is reduced to a minority party in the forthcoming Histadrut elections, the Mapam General Secretary, Mr. Meir

TEL AVIV. — Mapam sees a chance of the workers' parties cooperating with each other only if Mapai is reduced to a minority party in the forthcoming Histadrut elections, the Mapam General Secretary, Mr. Meir

OFFICER AND CIVILIAN KILLED IN ACCIDENT

ASHKELON.—An Army officer and an Army civilian employee were killed on Thursday afternoon when their jeep crashed into a command car from the opposite direction near here.

The civilian, Pinhas Hanoach, 27, of Ashkelon, is survived by elderly parents, among the first settlers of the town. The officer was Yisrael Bachar.

Military and civil police reached the scene shortly after the accident to open investigations. Details of the crash were not released until a late hour by the police, who detained the driver of the command car.

The accident occurred on the road between Ashkelon and Tel Aviv, near the town of Ashkelon. The jeep was driven by a private car, which struck him in the head. The driver of the jeep was killed on the spot. The driver of the private car was injured and taken to the hospital.

The accident occurred on the road between Ashkelon and Tel Aviv, near the town of Ashkelon. The jeep was driven by a private car, which struck him in the head. The driver of the jeep was killed on the spot. The driver of the private car was injured and taken to the hospital.

The accident occurred on the road between Ashkelon and Tel Aviv, near the town of Ashkelon. The jeep was driven by a private car, which struck him in the head. The driver of the jeep was killed on the spot. The driver of the private car was injured and taken to the hospital.

The accident occurred on the road between Ashkelon and Tel Aviv, near the town of Ashkelon. The jeep was driven by a private car, which struck him in the head. The driver of the jeep was killed on the spot. The driver of the private car was injured and taken to the hospital.

The accident occurred on the road between Ashkelon and Tel Aviv, near the town of Ashkelon. The jeep was driven by a private car, which struck him in the head. The driver of the jeep was killed on the spot. The driver of the private car was injured and taken to the hospital.

The accident occurred on the road between Ashkelon and Tel Aviv, near the town of Ashkelon. The jeep was driven by a private car, which struck him in the head. The driver of the jeep was killed on the spot. The driver of the private car was injured and taken to the hospital.

The accident occurred on the road between Ashkelon and Tel Aviv, near the town of Ashkelon. The jeep was driven by a private car, which struck him in the head. The driver of the jeep was killed on the spot. The driver of the private car was injured and taken to the hospital.

The accident occurred on the road between Ashkelon and Tel Aviv, near the town of Ashkelon. The jeep was driven by a private car, which struck him in the head. The driver of the jeep was killed on the spot. The driver of the private car was injured and taken to the hospital.

The accident occurred on the road between Ashkelon and Tel Aviv, near the town of Ashkelon. The jeep was driven by a private car, which struck him in the head. The driver of the jeep was killed on the spot. The driver of the private car was injured and taken to the hospital.

The accident occurred on the road between Ashkelon and Tel Aviv, near the town of Ashkelon. The jeep was driven by a private car, which struck him in the head. The driver of the jeep was killed on the spot. The driver of the private car was injured and taken to the hospital.

The accident occurred on the road between Ashkelon and Tel Aviv, near the town of Ashkelon. The jeep was driven by a private car, which struck him in the head. The driver of the jeep was killed on the spot. The driver of the private car was injured and taken to the hospital.

The accident occurred on the road between Ashkelon and Tel Aviv, near the town of Ashkelon. The jeep was driven by a private car, which struck him in the head. The driver of the jeep was killed on the spot. The driver of the private car was injured and taken to the hospital.

The accident occurred on the road between Ashkelon and Tel Aviv, near the town of Ashkelon. The jeep was driven by a private car, which struck him in the head. The driver of the jeep was killed on the spot. The driver of the private car was injured and taken to the hospital.

The accident occurred on the road between Ashkelon and Tel Aviv, near the town of Ashkelon. The jeep was driven by a private car, which struck him in the head. The driver of the jeep was killed on the spot. The driver of the private car was injured and taken to the hospital.

The accident occurred on the road between Ashkelon and Tel Aviv, near the town of Ashkelon. The jeep was driven by a private car, which struck him in the head. The driver of the jeep was killed on the spot. The driver of the private car was injured and taken to the hospital.

The accident occurred on the road between Ashkelon and Tel Aviv, near the town of Ashkelon. The jeep was driven by a private car, which struck him in the head. The driver of the jeep was killed on the spot. The driver of the private car was injured and taken to the hospital.

The accident occurred on the road between Ashkelon and Tel Aviv, near the town of Ashkelon. The jeep was driven by a private car, which struck him in the head. The driver of the jeep was killed on the spot. The driver of the private car was injured and taken to the hospital.

The accident occurred on the road between Ashkelon and Tel Aviv, near the town of Ashkelon. The jeep was driven by a private car, which struck him in the head. The driver of the jeep was killed on the spot. The driver of the private car was injured and taken to the hospital.

The accident occurred on the road between Ashkelon and Tel Aviv, near the town of Ashkelon. The jeep was driven by a private car, which struck him in the head. The driver of the jeep was killed on the spot. The driver of the private car was injured and taken to the hospital.

The accident occurred on the road between Ashkelon and Tel Aviv, near the town of Ashkelon. The jeep was driven by a private car, which struck him in the head. The driver of the jeep was killed on the spot. The driver of the private car was injured and taken to the hospital.

The accident occurred on the road between Ashkelon and Tel Aviv, near the town of Ashkelon. The jeep was driven by a private car, which struck him in the head. The driver of the jeep was killed on the spot. The driver of the private car was injured and taken to the hospital.

The accident occurred on the road between Ashkelon and Tel Aviv, near the town of Ashkelon. The jeep was driven by a private car, which struck him in the head. The driver of the jeep was killed on the spot. The driver of the private car was injured and taken to the hospital.

The accident occurred on the road between Ashkelon and Tel Aviv, near the town of Ashkelon. The jeep was driven by a private car, which struck him in the head. The driver of the jeep was killed on the spot. The driver of the private car was injured and taken to the hospital.

The accident occurred on the road between Ashkelon and Tel Aviv, near the town of Ashkelon. The jeep was driven by a private car, which struck him in the head. The driver of the jeep was killed on the spot. The driver of the private car was injured and taken to the hospital.

The accident occurred on the road between Ashkelon and Tel Aviv, near the town of Ashkelon. The jeep was driven by a private car, which struck him in the head. The driver of the jeep was killed on the spot. The driver of the private car was injured and taken to the hospital.

The accident occurred on the road between Ashkelon and Tel Aviv, near the town of Ashkelon. The jeep was driven by a private car, which struck him in the head. The driver of the jeep was killed on the spot. The driver of the private car was injured and taken to the hospital.

Haifa Hapoel Beats Maccabi, Stands 2nd in Nat'l League

Jerusalem Post Staff.

HAIFA.—Hapoel edged out Maccabi from second place in the National League by beating it 2:1 in a tense and hotly contested game before 10,000 at the Port City's Stadium on Saturday.

The defeat means the virtual elimination of Hapoel from the championship race for Maccabi, which is now a point behind and not ahead of Hapoel. Hapoel is now second in the League with 25 points.

It is still two points behind Petah Tikva Hapoel, which strengthened its lead by beating Tel Aviv Hapoel 2:0, and now tops the table with 30 points.

The Haifa game was drawn 1:1 at half-time and, though Hapoel played a visibly better game in the second half, luck was on the side of Hapoel.

League leaders Petah Tikva Hapoel beat Hapoel 2:0 in a fast game, in which the losers put on the pressure from the beginning. Hapoel scored the first goal in the 23rd minute, and the second was netted by Nahari eight minutes from the end.

Other results: **National League** T.A. Maccabi—Jerusalem Hapoel 2:0 (4:0); T.A. Maccabi—Ramat Gan Hapoel 2:0 (1:0); T.A. Maccabi—Tel Aviv Hapoel 2:0 (0:0); P.T. Maccabi—Hapoel 2:0 (1:1).

In Jerusalem, 6,000 spectators watched Jerusalem Hapoel continue its winning streak to beat Hapoel 2:0 by 3:0 after a goalless half.

STANDINGS (After 19 games)

Team	Points	Goals For	Goals Against
Petah Tikva Hapoel	30	42	18
Haifa Hapoel	25	32	18
T.A. Maccabi	25	32	18
Jerusalem Hapoel	25	32	18
Ramat Gan Hapoel	25	32	18
Tel Aviv Hapoel	25	32	18
Beersheba Hapoel	25	32	18
Yotvata Hapoel	25	32	18
Arad Hapoel	25	32	18

STANDINGS (After 19 games)

Team	Points	Goals For	Goals Against
Petah Tikva Hapoel	30	42	18
Haifa Hapoel	25	32	18
T.A. Maccabi	25	32	18
Jerusalem Hapoel	25	32	18
Ramat Gan Hapoel	25	32	18
Tel Aviv Hapoel	25	32	18
Beersheba Hapoel	25	32	18
Yotvata Hapoel	25	32	18
Arad Hapoel	25	32	18

STANDINGS (After 19 games)

Team	Points	Goals For	Goals Against
Petah Tikva Hapoel	30	42	18
Haifa Hapoel	25	32	18
T.A. Maccabi	25	32	18
Jerusalem Hapoel	25	32	18
Ramat Gan Hapoel	25	32	18
Tel Aviv Hapoel	25	32	18
Beersheba Hapoel	25	32	18
Yotvata Hapoel	25	32	18
Arad Hapoel	25	32	18

STANDINGS (After 19 games)

Team	Points	Goals For	Goals Against
Petah Tikva Hapoel	30	42	18
Haifa Hapoel	25	32	18
T.A. Maccabi	25	32	18
Jerusalem Hapoel	25	32	18
Ramat Gan Hapoel	25	32	18
Tel Aviv Hapoel	25	32	18
Beersheba Hapoel	25	32	18
Yotvata Hapoel	25	32	18
Arad Hapoel	25	32	18

STANDINGS (After 19 games)

Team	Points	Goals For	Goals Against
Petah Tikva Hapoel	30	42	18
Haifa Hapoel	25	32	18
T.A. Maccabi	25	32	18
Jerusalem Hapoel	25	32	18
Ramat Gan Hapoel	25	32	18
Tel Aviv Hapoel	25	32	18
Beersheba Hapoel	25	32	18
Yotvata Hapoel	25	32	18
Arad Hapoel	25	32	18

STANDINGS (After 19 games)

Team	Points	Goals For	Goals Against
Petah Tikva Hapoel	30	42	18
Haifa Hapoel	25	32	18
T.A. Maccabi	25	32	18
Jerusalem Hapoel	25	32	18
Ramat Gan Hapoel	25	32	18
Tel Aviv Hapoel	25	32	18
Beersheba Hapoel	25	32	18
Yotvata Hapoel	25	32	18
Arad Hapoel	25	32	18

STANDINGS (After 19 games)

Team	Points	Goals For	Goals Against
Petah Tikva Hapoel	30	42	18
Haifa Hapoel	25	32	18
T.A. Maccabi	25	32	18
Jerusalem Hapoel	25	32	18
Ramat Gan Hapoel	25	32	18
Tel Aviv Hapoel	25	32	18

THE JERUSALEM POST

Founded in 1922. Published daily except on Saturdays in Jerusalem by the Palestine Post Ltd. Registered at the G.P.O. Copyright of all material reserved; reproduction permitted only by arrangement.

Founder
GERRISON ABRON

Managing Editor
TED R. LORIE

Editorial Office and Management:
10, Bab el Wad, Jerusalem.
P.O. Box 9, Tel. 4222 (4 lines).
TELETYPE Bureau: 23, Nahlat
Shimon, P.O. Box 123, Tel. 4453/7.
MAILING Bureau: 24, Rehov Herzl,
P.O. Box 422, Tel. 4094 (3 lines).
Annual Subscription: ILAS.

Sunday, April 16, 1959
No. 3729, 12 Shekel, 1959

THE appointment of Mr. Christian Herter to succeed Mr. John Foster Dulles as U.S. Secretary of State has been announced. **NO CHANGE** has been announced in U.S. policy. It will certainly be well received in all countries which have friendly relations with the U.S. Mr. Herter has been Mr. Dulles' closest collaborator, and his appointment signifies that State Department policy will remain unchanged.

But though the continuity of American policy is thereby assured, there remains little doubt that the place left vacant by Mr. Dulles cannot be easily filled. Six years of tireless endeavour and 800,000 kilometres of ceaseless diplomatic globe-trotting have given Mr. Dulles a knowledge of world problems and an authority unmatched by any foreign minister in the West or the East.

The almost unanimous regret that the resignation of Mr. Dulles has aroused in the Western world does not stem only from the special circumstances in which this man of tireless energy has been obliged to leave a post which he filled with so much devotion; but also from the fact that Mr. Dulles has been growing together with his job. Much of the criticism which he rightly or wrongly provoked in the early period of his office has been tempered in recent years.

The departing Secretary of State had been much criticised for having, in the first years after assuming office, spoken too forcefully regarding the "liberation" of the subjugated peoples of Eastern Europe. Many critics contended that talk of this nature played a role in provoking the Hungarian revolt, which ended so tragically. Mr. Dulles has also faced criticism for his policy of "brinkmanship," which from time to time seemed to bring the world to the edge of war. His tendency to see the struggle between the East and West as a conflict between good and evil, coupled with his condemnation of neutralism, also drew criticism. His critics have emphasized that this attitude has rendered any compromise more difficult, and pushed the United States towards a "pactomania" policy whose results have been largely negative—particularly in the Middle East. In this country the stand adopted by Mr. Dulles during and immediately after the Sinai Campaign made him the target of bitter attacks. Subsequent developments in the Middle East have shown that these criticisms were not unjustified.

But if Mr. Dulles has made errors, he certainly tried to repair them, and during the last few years he refashioned his thinking on many vital points. His most recent stands have been warmly welcomed by many of his most serious critics. Taking into consideration the evolution of the Soviet regime, Mr. Dulles concluded lately that co-existence, however difficult, is not impossible. He has tried to ascertain whether Mr. Khrushchev is really prepared to negotiate on an acceptable basis. This is why Mr. Dulles' position on the Berlin crisis, though not extending to Mr. Macmillan's flexibility, has appeared less rigid than the attitude of quite a few Western statesmen and military chiefs. His retirement at this critical moment has created deep concern in many circles previously highly critical of Mr. Dulles' policies.

But it is Mr. Dulles' reappraisal of Middle Eastern issues which has given rise to this country to most favourable reactions. The departing Secretary of State, after many bitter disappointments, became convinced that Colonel Nasser is irrefragably in the West and that there is little point in trying to appease him. Colonel Nasser's brand, new anti-Communism carried little weight with Mr. Dulles, and despite the advice of some State Department experts, Mr. Dulles was not prepared to reinforce this anti-Communist line with any substantial concession. He knew indeed that such concessions would only weaken the position of those countries in the Middle East who are resisting the pressure of both Colonel Nasser's imperialism and the extreme left elements.

It can only be hoped that on this point, as on other key issues, the policy of the State Department will remain unchanged.

Don't delay—Join Now—
"ELFAN GREGG"—Course
(two months) via mail for
English and/or Hebrew
SHORTHAND
M. Bar-Kana, A.F.T. Com.,
London
8, Rehov Gordon, Tel. Ashd.
SUNDAY GUARANTEED

Cyprus Welcomes New Invasion

Tourist Boom will Help New Republic

By JOHN ROWLEY

NICOSIA (OFNS)—If you build one hotel it is a risk, but five hotels is a tourist resort and ten hotels is a Riviera. The speaker was Sir Hugh Foot, Governor of Cyprus, who is due to hand over the government of this Mediterranean island to the new Republic next Spring.

Sir Hugh was repeating a slogan he used in Jamaica when, as Governor, he urged on a tourist boom which changed the face of that island in ten years. He is convinced that the same thing can happen here.

Indeed, with a threatening budget deficit of several million pounds, the depletion of reserves through heavy spending during the four-year Emergency and uncertainty over the size of the dowry with which Britain, Greece and Turkey will launch the maiden Republic, it is vital that tourism in Cyprus should start booming fast.

Tourist agents, hotel men and the authorities have been quick off the mark in preparing for the first tourist influx in five years. Already the barbed wire which was unrolled in rusty coils across streets and round camps, police stations and Army dumps has been cleared away. Troops have moved out of requisitioned hotels and monasteries and the airport is again under civil control.

The first cruise ship since the London agreement on the island's future was signed last February, touched at Limassol this week with 100 tourists who made a quick round of the "sights" before returning on board with their faces and porters' souvenirs.

Four other French cruise lines have changed their schedules to call at Cyprus this summer.

The first air excursion flights will be run from Athens for the Greek Orthodox Easter festival next month. Other airlines, including Israel's El Al, which has inaugurated a twice-weekly service, have begun operation. Expansion of Nicosia's airport has been given top priority and 80-seater Comets are due to start flying in from London next year. Priority is also being given to the improvement of Famagusta Harbour, the main deep-sea port which will serve the British base at Dhekelia and Episkopi.

The first new hotel, costing 110,000, is going up in Nicosia's Turkish quarter and another is to be built for Moslem visitors on the Kyrenia seacoast. The ancient Crusader castles at Kyrenia and Kantara will be opened to the public soon—with British troops remaining as khaki-clad "beefeaters" to show visitors around.

Apart from skin diving, snow and water skiing, and the usual sports, game hunters will find the island a paradise for four years during which the population's 10,000 sporting guns have been locked away in Kyrenia Castle dungeons. No doubt local enterprise will also include—for Greek visitors—the added excitement of "trips to the mountain hideouts" and "visits to Givras' birthplace."

But for the wealthy international tourist much remains to be done. More hotels, better restaurants, cinemas and night clubs, and a modern transport system are urgently needed. And there is no sign yet of the large-scale foreign investment which must be forthcoming if the new Republic is to find its feet. It is likely to do so until such basic questions as whether Cyprus will remain in the sterling area and the Commonwealth are settled.

Without attempting to conceal its disappointment over the "Cocktail Stab" in New York, Davar (Histadrut) writes that Israel's friendship with other nations is not necessarily reared on special affairs, though the African countries concerned should have shown more spirit and not bowed to the Arab dictate without protest. If Nasser considers this a personal triumph, let him: there are not many other fields in which he has beaten Israel. Hamouda (World Aguda) accents the fact that the sterling area is held at the U.N., the spirit of whose

Ehrlich are very different in content and form, although the orchestra gave him little inspiring support. G.W.B.

Isreal Composers
Concert by Isreal Composers, sponsored by the Isreal Composers' Club (Tel Aviv, April 13). Yehoshua Lakner, Three pieces for the Piano, Movement in F for the piano, tested for wind instruments and piano, Toccata for Orchestra; Abel Ehrlich, Bashraf for violin solo and choir of 11 violins, "Game of Chess," music for jazz orchestra.

LAKNER's works show a clear subordination of emotional elements to those of the mind. This gifted young composer devotes much of his interest to theoretical studies, especially in the field of harmony, and bases his compositional concept on them. The result is a strong individual language. Lakner employs short motives and a short rhythmic pattern, both of which have a marked oriental flavour. The rhythmic elements hold a dominating position in his music, which is mostly of percussive character. Yet the very definite goal Lakner sets for himself—limits his means of expression as well, motives and rhythms being too much alike. We even found a certain general similarity between the three piano pieces, the movement and the Toccata. Yet one cannot dispute Lakner's position, as one of the fine representatives of the younger generation of Isreal composers. The compositions of Abel

torily. The orchestra was disciplined and reacted with precision. Mr. Freudenthal's clear and restrained directions, resulting in a very creditable performance. Y. BOEHM
Guest Conductor
The Haila Symphony Orchestra, Valtor Poole, conductor, April 14. Mendelssohn: The Hebrides' Overture (The Hebrides), op. 26; Violin Concerto in A minor, op. 64; Symphony in A major, No. 4, Italian, op. 90. GUEST conductor Valtor Poole, who comes to the Haila stage as renowned master of the baton of the Detroit Orchestra, highly values exact orchestral execution. Mr. Poole cares for every tone, every detail, his tempi are perfectly timed and the orchestra follows his intention strictly, giving everything that could be asked for in the way of a clean and fluent performance. But romantic Mendelssohn's programme marked, calls for more interpretative imagination and greater rhythmic freedom. A thousand goblets should somewhat in this picturesque music. Soloist Alexander Tal concentrates more on a refined integrity of tone than on an expansive tone volume, thus resulting in poor dynamical variations. His interpretation of this hazy "piece de resistance" of every violinist's repertoire revealed an excellent technique and brilliant virtu-

osity in the cadenza, but it was too anaemic, particularly since the orchestra gave him little inspiring support. G.W.B.

Isreal Composers
Concert by Isreal Composers, sponsored by the Isreal Composers' Club (Tel Aviv, April 13). Yehoshua Lakner, Three pieces for the Piano, Movement in F for the piano, tested for wind instruments and piano, Toccata for Orchestra; Abel Ehrlich, Bashraf for violin solo and choir of 11 violins, "Game of Chess," music for jazz orchestra.

LAKNER's works show a clear subordination of emotional elements to those of the mind. This gifted young composer devotes much of his interest to theoretical studies, especially in the field of harmony, and bases his compositional concept on them. The result is a strong individual language. Lakner employs short motives and a short rhythmic pattern, both of which have a marked oriental flavour. The rhythmic elements hold a dominating position in his music, which is mostly of percussive character. Yet the very definite goal Lakner sets for himself—limits his means of expression as well, motives and rhythms being too much alike. We even found a certain general similarity between the three piano pieces, the movement and the Toccata. Yet one cannot dispute Lakner's position, as one of the fine representatives of the younger generation of Isreal composers. The compositions of Abel

torily. The orchestra was disciplined and reacted with precision. Mr. Freudenthal's clear and restrained directions, resulting in a very creditable performance. Y. BOEHM
Guest Conductor
The Haila Symphony Orchestra, Valtor Poole, conductor, April 14. Mendelssohn: The Hebrides' Overture (The Hebrides), op. 26; Violin Concerto in A minor, op. 64; Symphony in A major, No. 4, Italian, op. 90. GUEST conductor Valtor Poole, who comes to the Haila stage as renowned master of the baton of the Detroit Orchestra, highly values exact orchestral execution. Mr. Poole cares for every tone, every detail, his tempi are perfectly timed and the orchestra follows his intention strictly, giving everything that could be asked for in the way of a clean and fluent performance. But romantic Mendelssohn's programme marked, calls for more interpretative imagination and greater rhythmic freedom. A thousand goblets should somewhat in this picturesque music. Soloist Alexander Tal concentrates more on a refined integrity of tone than on an expansive tone volume, thus resulting in poor dynamical variations. His interpretation of this hazy "piece de resistance" of every violinist's repertoire revealed an excellent technique and brilliant virtu-

osity in the cadenza, but it was too anaemic, particularly since the orchestra gave him little inspiring support. G.W.B.

Isreal Composers
Concert by Isreal Composers, sponsored by the Isreal Composers' Club (Tel Aviv, April 13). Yehoshua Lakner, Three pieces for the Piano, Movement in F for the piano, tested for wind instruments and piano, Toccata for Orchestra; Abel Ehrlich, Bashraf for violin solo and choir of 11 violins, "Game of Chess," music for jazz orchestra.

LAKNER's works show a clear subordination of emotional elements to those of the mind. This gifted young composer devotes much of his interest to theoretical studies, especially in the field of harmony, and bases his compositional concept on them. The result is a strong individual language. Lakner employs short motives and a short rhythmic pattern, both of which have a marked oriental flavour. The rhythmic elements hold a dominating position in his music, which is mostly of percussive character. Yet the very definite goal Lakner sets for himself—limits his means of expression as well, motives and rhythms being too much alike. We even found a certain general similarity between the three piano pieces, the movement and the Toccata. Yet one cannot dispute Lakner's position, as one of the fine representatives of the younger generation of Isreal composers. The compositions of Abel

torily. The orchestra was disciplined and reacted with precision. Mr. Freudenthal's clear and restrained directions, resulting in a very creditable performance. Y. BOEHM
Guest Conductor
The Haila Symphony Orchestra, Valtor Poole, conductor, April 14. Mendelssohn: The Hebrides' Overture (The Hebrides), op. 26; Violin Concerto in A minor, op. 64; Symphony in A major, No. 4, Italian, op. 90. GUEST conductor Valtor Poole, who comes to the Haila stage as renowned master of the baton of the Detroit Orchestra, highly values exact orchestral execution. Mr. Poole cares for every tone, every detail, his tempi are perfectly timed and the orchestra follows his intention strictly, giving everything that could be asked for in the way of a clean and fluent performance. But romantic Mendelssohn's programme marked, calls for more interpretative imagination and greater rhythmic freedom. A thousand goblets should somewhat in this picturesque music. Soloist Alexander Tal concentrates more on a refined integrity of tone than on an expansive tone volume, thus resulting in poor dynamical variations. His interpretation of this hazy "piece de resistance" of every violinist's repertoire revealed an excellent technique and brilliant virtu-

osity in the cadenza, but it was too anaemic, particularly since the orchestra gave him little inspiring support. G.W.B.

Isreal Composers
Concert by Isreal Composers, sponsored by the Isreal Composers' Club (Tel Aviv, April 13). Yehoshua Lakner, Three pieces for the Piano, Movement in F for the piano, tested for wind instruments and piano, Toccata for Orchestra; Abel Ehrlich, Bashraf for violin solo and choir of 11 violins, "Game of Chess," music for jazz orchestra.

LAKNER's works show a clear subordination of emotional elements to those of the mind. This gifted young composer devotes much of his interest to theoretical studies, especially in the field of harmony, and bases his compositional concept on them. The result is a strong individual language. Lakner employs short motives and a short rhythmic pattern, both of which have a marked oriental flavour. The rhythmic elements hold a dominating position in his music, which is mostly of percussive character. Yet the very definite goal Lakner sets for himself—limits his means of expression as well, motives and rhythms being too much alike. We even found a certain general similarity between the three piano pieces, the movement and the Toccata. Yet one cannot dispute Lakner's position, as one of the fine representatives of the younger generation of Isreal composers. The compositions of Abel

torily. The orchestra was disciplined and reacted with precision. Mr. Freudenthal's clear and restrained directions, resulting in a very creditable performance. Y. BOEHM
Guest Conductor
The Haila Symphony Orchestra, Valtor Poole, conductor, April 14. Mendelssohn: The Hebrides' Overture (The Hebrides), op. 26; Violin Concerto in A minor, op. 64; Symphony in A major, No. 4, Italian, op. 90. GUEST conductor Valtor Poole, who comes to the Haila stage as renowned master of the baton of the Detroit Orchestra, highly values exact orchestral execution. Mr. Poole cares for every tone, every detail, his tempi are perfectly timed and the orchestra follows his intention strictly, giving everything that could be asked for in the way of a clean and fluent performance. But romantic Mendelssohn's programme marked, calls for more interpretative imagination and greater rhythmic freedom. A thousand goblets should somewhat in this picturesque music. Soloist Alexander Tal concentrates more on a refined integrity of tone than on an expansive tone volume, thus resulting in poor dynamical variations. His interpretation of this hazy "piece de resistance" of every violinist's repertoire revealed an excellent technique and brilliant virtu-

osity in the cadenza, but it was too anaemic, particularly since the orchestra gave him little inspiring support. G.W.B.

Isreal Composers
Concert by Isreal Composers, sponsored by the Isreal Composers' Club (Tel Aviv, April 13). Yehoshua Lakner, Three pieces for the Piano, Movement in F for the piano, tested for wind instruments and piano, Toccata for Orchestra; Abel Ehrlich, Bashraf for violin solo and choir of 11 violins, "Game of Chess," music for jazz orchestra.

LAKNER's works show a clear subordination of emotional elements to those of the mind. This gifted young composer devotes much of his interest to theoretical studies, especially in the field of harmony, and bases his compositional concept on them. The result is a strong individual language. Lakner employs short motives and a short rhythmic pattern, both of which have a marked oriental flavour. The rhythmic elements hold a dominating position in his music, which is mostly of percussive character. Yet the very definite goal Lakner sets for himself—limits his means of expression as well, motives and rhythms being too much alike. We even found a certain general similarity between the three piano pieces, the movement and the Toccata. Yet one cannot dispute Lakner's position, as one of the fine representatives of the younger generation of Isreal composers. The compositions of Abel

torily. The orchestra was disciplined and reacted with precision. Mr. Freudenthal's clear and restrained directions, resulting in a very creditable performance. Y. BOEHM
Guest Conductor
The Haila Symphony Orchestra, Valtor Poole, conductor, April 14. Mendelssohn: The Hebrides' Overture (The Hebrides), op. 26; Violin Concerto in A minor, op. 64; Symphony in A major, No. 4, Italian, op. 90. GUEST conductor Valtor Poole, who comes to the Haila stage as renowned master of the baton of the Detroit Orchestra, highly values exact orchestral execution. Mr. Poole cares for every tone, every detail, his tempi are perfectly timed and the orchestra follows his intention strictly, giving everything that could be asked for in the way of a clean and fluent performance. But romantic Mendelssohn's programme marked, calls for more interpretative imagination and greater rhythmic freedom. A thousand goblets should somewhat in this picturesque music. Soloist Alexander Tal concentrates more on a refined integrity of tone than on an expansive tone volume, thus resulting in poor dynamical variations. His interpretation of this hazy "piece de resistance" of every violinist's repertoire revealed an excellent technique and brilliant virtu-

osity in the cadenza, but it was too anaemic, particularly since the orchestra gave him little inspiring support. G.W.B.

Isreal Composers
Concert by Isreal Composers, sponsored by the Isreal Composers' Club (Tel Aviv, April 13). Yehoshua Lakner, Three pieces for the Piano, Movement in F for the piano, tested for wind instruments and piano, Toccata for Orchestra; Abel Ehrlich, Bashraf for violin solo and choir of 11 violins, "Game of Chess," music for jazz orchestra.

LAKNER's works show a clear subordination of emotional elements to those of the mind. This gifted young composer devotes much of his interest to theoretical studies, especially in the field of harmony, and bases his compositional concept on them. The result is a strong individual language. Lakner employs short motives and a short rhythmic pattern, both of which have a marked oriental flavour. The rhythmic elements hold a dominating position in his music, which is mostly of percussive character. Yet the very definite goal Lakner sets for himself—limits his means of expression as well, motives and rhythms being too much alike. We even found a certain general similarity between the three piano pieces, the movement and the Toccata. Yet one cannot dispute Lakner's position, as one of the fine representatives of the younger generation of Isreal composers. The compositions of Abel

torily. The orchestra was disciplined and reacted with precision. Mr. Freudenthal's clear and restrained directions, resulting in a very creditable performance. Y. BOEHM
Guest Conductor
The Haila Symphony Orchestra, Valtor Poole, conductor, April 14. Mendelssohn: The Hebrides' Overture (The Hebrides), op. 26; Violin Concerto in A minor, op. 64; Symphony in A major, No. 4, Italian, op. 90. GUEST conductor Valtor Poole, who comes to the Haila stage as renowned master of the baton of the Detroit Orchestra, highly values exact orchestral execution. Mr. Poole cares for every tone, every detail, his tempi are perfectly timed and the orchestra follows his intention strictly, giving everything that could be asked for in the way of a clean and fluent performance. But romantic Mendelssohn's programme marked, calls for more interpretative imagination and greater rhythmic freedom. A thousand goblets should somewhat in this picturesque music. Soloist Alexander Tal concentrates more on a refined integrity of tone than on an expansive tone volume, thus resulting in poor dynamical variations. His interpretation of this hazy "piece de resistance" of every violinist's repertoire revealed an excellent technique and brilliant virtu-

osity in the cadenza, but it was too anaemic, particularly since the orchestra gave him little inspiring support. G.W.B.

Isreal Composers
Concert by Isreal Composers, sponsored by the Isreal Composers' Club (Tel Aviv, April 13). Yehoshua Lakner, Three pieces for the Piano, Movement in F for the piano, tested for wind instruments and piano, Toccata for Orchestra; Abel Ehrlich, Bashraf for violin solo and choir of 11 violins, "Game of Chess," music for jazz orchestra.

LAKNER's works show a clear subordination of emotional elements to those of the mind. This gifted young composer devotes much of his interest to theoretical studies, especially in the field of harmony, and bases his compositional concept on them. The result is a strong individual language. Lakner employs short motives and a short rhythmic pattern, both of which have a marked oriental flavour. The rhythmic elements hold a dominating position in his music, which is mostly of percussive character. Yet the very definite goal Lakner sets for himself—limits his means of expression as well, motives and rhythms being too much alike. We even found a certain general similarity between the three piano pieces, the movement and the Toccata. Yet one cannot dispute Lakner's position, as one of the fine representatives of the younger generation of Isreal composers. The compositions of Abel

torily. The orchestra was disciplined and reacted with precision. Mr. Freudenthal's clear and restrained directions, resulting in a very creditable performance. Y. BOEHM
Guest Conductor
The Haila Symphony Orchestra, Valtor Poole, conductor, April 14. Mendelssohn: The Hebrides' Overture (The Hebrides), op. 26; Violin Concerto in A minor, op. 64; Symphony in A major, No. 4, Italian, op. 90. GUEST conductor Valtor Poole, who comes to the Haila stage as renowned master of the baton of the Detroit Orchestra, highly values exact orchestral execution. Mr. Poole cares for every tone, every detail, his tempi are perfectly timed and the orchestra follows his intention strictly, giving everything that could be asked for in the way of a clean and fluent performance. But romantic Mendelssohn's programme marked, calls for more interpretative imagination and greater rhythmic freedom. A thousand goblets should somewhat in this picturesque music. Soloist Alexander Tal concentrates more on a refined integrity of tone than on an expansive tone volume, thus resulting in poor dynamical variations. His interpretation of this hazy "piece de resistance" of every violinist's repertoire revealed an excellent technique and brilliant virtu-

osity in the cadenza, but it was too anaemic, particularly since the orchestra gave him little inspiring support. G.W.B.

Isreal Composers
Concert by Isreal Composers, sponsored by the Isreal Composers' Club (Tel Aviv, April 13). Yehoshua Lakner, Three pieces for the Piano, Movement in F for the piano, tested for wind instruments and piano, Toccata for Orchestra; Abel Ehrlich, Bashraf for violin solo and choir of 11 violins, "Game of Chess," music for jazz orchestra.

LAKNER's works show a clear subordination of emotional elements to those of the mind. This gifted young composer devotes much of his interest to theoretical studies, especially in the field of harmony, and bases his compositional concept on them. The result is a strong individual language. Lakner employs short motives and a short rhythmic pattern, both of which have a marked oriental flavour. The rhythmic elements hold a dominating position in his music, which is mostly of percussive character. Yet the very definite goal Lakner sets for himself—limits his means of expression as well, motives and rhythms being too much alike. We even found a certain general similarity between the three piano pieces, the movement and the Toccata. Yet one cannot dispute Lakner's position, as one of the fine representatives of the younger generation of Isreal composers. The compositions of Abel

torily. The orchestra was disciplined and reacted with precision. Mr. Freudenthal's clear and restrained directions, resulting in a very creditable performance. Y. BOEHM
Guest Conductor
The Haila Symphony Orchestra, Valtor Poole, conductor, April 14. Mendelssohn: The Hebrides' Overture (The Hebrides), op. 26; Violin Concerto in A minor, op. 64; Symphony in A major, No. 4, Italian, op. 90. GUEST conductor Valtor Poole, who comes to the Haila stage as renowned master of the baton of the Detroit Orchestra, highly values exact orchestral execution. Mr. Poole cares for every tone, every detail, his tempi are perfectly timed and the orchestra follows his intention strictly, giving everything that could be asked for in the way of a clean and fluent performance. But romantic Mendelssohn's programme marked, calls for more interpretative imagination and greater rhythmic freedom. A thousand goblets should somewhat in this picturesque music. Soloist Alexander Tal concentrates more on a refined integrity of tone than on an expansive tone volume, thus resulting in poor dynamical variations. His interpretation of this hazy "piece de resistance" of every violinist's repertoire revealed an excellent technique and brilliant virtu-

osity in the cadenza, but it was too anaemic, particularly since the orchestra gave him little inspiring support. G.W.B.

Isreal Composers
Concert by Isreal Composers, sponsored by the Isreal Composers' Club (Tel Aviv, April 13). Yehoshua Lakner, Three pieces for the Piano, Movement in F for the piano, tested for wind instruments and piano, Toccata for Orchestra; Abel Ehrlich, Bashraf for violin solo and choir of 11 violins, "Game of Chess," music for jazz orchestra.

LAKNER's works show a clear subordination of emotional elements to those of the mind. This gifted young composer devotes much of his interest to theoretical studies, especially in the field of harmony, and bases his compositional concept on them. The result is a strong individual language. Lakner employs short motives and a short rhythmic pattern, both of which have a marked oriental flavour. The rhythmic elements hold a dominating position in his music, which is mostly of percussive character. Yet the very definite goal Lakner sets for himself—limits his means of expression as well, motives and rhythms being too much alike. We even found a certain general similarity between the three piano pieces, the movement and the Toccata. Yet one cannot dispute Lakner's position, as one of the fine representatives of the younger generation of Isreal composers. The compositions of Abel

torily. The orchestra was disciplined and reacted with precision. Mr. Freudenthal's clear and restrained directions, resulting in a very creditable performance. Y. BOEHM
Guest Conductor
The Haila Symphony Orchestra, Valtor Poole, conductor, April 14. Mendelssohn: The Hebrides' Overture (The Hebrides), op. 26; Violin Concerto in A minor, op. 64; Symphony in A major, No. 4, Italian, op. 90. GUEST conductor Valtor Poole, who comes to the Haila stage as renowned master of the baton of the Detroit Orchestra, highly values exact orchestral execution. Mr. Poole cares for every tone, every detail, his tempi are perfectly timed and the orchestra follows his intention strictly, giving everything that could be asked for in the way of a clean and fluent performance. But romantic Mendelssohn's programme marked, calls for more interpretative imagination and greater rhythmic freedom. A thousand goblets should somewhat in this picturesque music. Soloist Alexander Tal concentrates more on a refined integrity of tone than on an expansive tone volume, thus resulting in poor dynamical variations. His interpretation of this hazy "piece de resistance" of every violinist's repertoire revealed an excellent technique and brilliant virtu-

osity in the cadenza, but it was too anaemic, particularly since the orchestra gave him little inspiring support. G.W.B.

Isreal Composers
Concert by Isreal Composers, sponsored by the Isreal Composers' Club (Tel Aviv, April 13). Yehoshua Lakner, Three pieces for the Piano, Movement in F for the piano, tested for wind instruments and piano, Toccata for Orchestra; Abel Ehrlich, Bashraf for violin solo and choir of 11 violins, "Game of Chess," music for jazz orchestra.

LAKNER's works show a clear subordination of emotional elements to those of the mind. This gifted young composer devotes much of his interest to theoretical studies, especially in the field of harmony, and bases his compositional concept on them. The result is a strong individual language. Lakner employs short motives and a short rhythmic pattern, both of which have a marked oriental flavour. The rhythmic elements hold a dominating position in his music, which is mostly of percussive character. Yet the very definite goal Lakner sets for himself—limits his means of expression as well, motives and rhythms being too much alike. We even found a certain general similarity between the three piano pieces, the movement and the Toccata. Yet one cannot dispute Lakner's position, as one of the fine representatives of the younger generation of Isreal composers. The compositions of Abel

torily. The orchestra was disciplined and reacted with precision. Mr. Freudenthal's clear and restrained directions, resulting in a very creditable performance. Y. BOEHM
Guest Conductor
The Haila Symphony Orchestra, Valtor Poole, conductor, April 14. Mendelssohn: The Hebrides' Overture (The Hebrides), op. 26; Violin Concerto in A minor, op. 64; Symphony in A major, No. 4, Italian, op. 90. GUEST conductor Valtor Poole, who comes to the Haila stage as renowned master of the baton of the Detroit Orchestra, highly values exact orchestral execution. Mr. Poole cares for every tone, every detail, his tempi are perfectly timed and the orchestra follows his intention strictly, giving everything that could be asked for in the way of a clean and fluent performance. But romantic Mendelssohn's programme marked, calls for more interpretative imagination and greater rhythmic freedom. A thousand goblets should somewhat in this picturesque music. Soloist Alexander Tal concentrates more on a refined integrity of tone than on an expansive tone volume, thus resulting in poor dynamical variations. His interpretation of this hazy "piece de resistance" of every violinist's repertoire revealed an excellent technique and brilliant virtu-

osity in the cadenza, but it was too anaemic, particularly since the orchestra gave him little inspiring support. G.W.B.

Isreal Composers
Concert by Isreal Composers, sponsored by the Isreal Composers' Club (Tel Aviv, April 13). Yehoshua Lakner, Three pieces for the Piano, Movement in F for the piano, tested for wind instruments and piano, Toccata for Orchestra; Abel Ehrlich, Bashraf for violin solo and choir of 11 violins, "Game of Chess," music for jazz orchestra.

LAKNER's works show a clear subordination of emotional elements to those of the mind. This gifted young composer devotes much of his interest to theoretical studies, especially in the field of harmony, and bases his compositional concept on them. The result is a strong individual language. Lakner employs short motives and a short rhythmic pattern, both of which have a marked oriental flavour. The rhythmic elements hold a dominating position in his music, which is mostly of percussive character. Yet the very definite goal Lakner sets for himself—limits his means of expression as well, motives and rhythms being too much alike. We even found a certain general similarity between the three piano pieces, the movement and the Toccata. Yet one cannot dispute Lakner's position, as one of the fine representatives of the younger generation of Isreal composers. The compositions of Abel

torily. The orchestra was disciplined and reacted with precision. Mr. Freudenthal's clear and restrained directions, resulting in a very creditable performance. Y. BOEHM
Guest Conductor
The Haila Symphony Orchestra, Valtor Poole, conductor, April 14. Mendelssohn: The Hebrides' Overture (The Hebrides), op. 26; Violin Concerto in A minor, op. 64; Symphony in A major, No. 4, Italian, op. 90. GUEST conductor Valtor Poole, who comes to the Haila stage as renowned master of the baton of the Detroit Orchestra, highly values exact orchestral execution. Mr. Poole cares for every tone, every detail, his tempi are perfectly timed and the orchestra follows his intention strictly, giving everything that could be asked for in the way of a clean and fluent performance. But romantic Mendelssohn's programme marked, calls for more interpretative imagination and greater rhythmic freedom. A thousand goblets should somewhat in this picturesque music. Soloist Alexander Tal concentrates more on a refined integrity of tone than on an expansive tone volume, thus resulting in poor dynamical variations. His interpretation of this hazy "piece de resistance" of every violinist's repertoire revealed an excellent technique and brilliant virtu-

osity in the cadenza, but it was too anaemic, particularly since the orchestra gave him little inspiring support. G.W.B.

Isreal Composers
Concert by Isreal Composers, sponsored by the Isreal Composers' Club (Tel Aviv, April 13). Yehoshua Lakner, Three pieces for the Piano, Movement in F for the piano, tested for wind instruments and piano, Toccata for Orchestra; Abel Ehrlich, Bashraf for violin solo and choir of 11 violins, "Game of Chess," music for jazz orchestra.

LAKNER's works show a clear subordination of emotional elements to those of the mind. This gifted young composer devotes much of his interest to theoretical studies, especially in the field of harmony, and bases his compositional concept on them. The result is a strong individual language. Lakner employs short motives and a short rhythmic pattern, both of which have a marked oriental flavour. The rhythmic elements hold a dominating position in his music, which is mostly of percussive character. Yet the very definite goal Lakner sets for himself—limits his means of expression as well, motives and rhythms being too much alike. We even found a certain general similarity between the three piano pieces, the movement and the Toccata. Yet one cannot dispute Lakner's position, as one of the fine representatives of the younger generation of Isreal composers. The compositions of Abel

torily. The orchestra was disciplined and reacted with precision. Mr. Freudenthal's clear and restrained directions, resulting in a very creditable performance. Y. BOEHM
Guest Conductor
The Haila Symphony Orchestra, Valtor Poole, conductor, April 14. Mendelssohn: The Hebrides' Overture (The Hebrides), op. 26; Violin Concerto in A minor, op. 64; Symphony in A major, No. 4, Italian, op. 90. GUEST conductor Valtor Poole, who comes to the Haila stage as renowned master of the baton of the Detroit Orchestra, highly values exact orchestral execution. Mr. Poole cares for every tone, every detail, his tempi are perfectly timed and the orchestra follows his intention strictly, giving everything that could be asked for in the way of a clean and fluent performance. But romantic Mendelssohn's programme marked, calls for more interpretative imagination and greater rhythmic freedom. A thousand goblets should somewhat in this picturesque music. Soloist Alexander Tal concentrates more on a refined integrity of tone than on an expansive tone volume, thus resulting in poor dynamical variations. His interpretation of this hazy "piece de resistance" of every violinist's repertoire revealed an excellent technique and brilliant virtu-

osity in the cadenza, but it was too anaemic, particularly since the orchestra gave him little inspiring support. G.W.B.

Isreal Composers
Concert by Isreal Composers, sponsored by the Isreal Composers' Club (Tel Aviv, April 13). Yehoshua Lakner, Three pieces for the Piano, Movement in F for the piano, tested for wind instruments and piano, Toccata for Orchestra; Abel Ehrlich, Bashraf for violin solo and choir of 11 violins, "Game of Chess," music for jazz orchestra.

LAKNER's works show a clear subordination of emotional elements to those of the mind. This gifted young composer devotes much of his interest to theoretical studies, especially in the field of harmony, and bases his compositional concept on them. The result is a strong individual language. Lakner employs short motives and a short rhythmic pattern, both of which have a marked oriental flavour. The rhythmic elements hold a dominating position in his music, which is mostly of percussive character. Yet the very definite goal Lakner sets for himself—limits his means of expression as well, motives and rhythms being too much alike. We even found a certain general similarity between the three piano pieces, the movement and the Toccata. Yet one cannot dispute Lakner's position, as one of the fine representatives of the younger generation of Isreal composers. The compositions of Abel

torily. The orchestra was disciplined and reacted with precision. Mr. Freudenthal's clear and restrained directions, resulting in a very creditable performance. Y. BOEHM
Guest Conductor
The Haila Symphony Orchestra, Valtor Poole, conductor, April 14. Mendelssohn: The Hebrides' Overture (The Hebrides), op. 26; Violin Concerto in A minor, op. 64; Symphony in A major, No. 4, Italian, op. 90. GUEST conductor Valtor Poole, who comes to the Haila stage as renowned master of the baton of